

# DIFFERENT CLEANSING METHODS EFFECT TO SHEAR BOND STRENGTH OF CONTAMINATED ZIRCONIA

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## INTRODUCTION

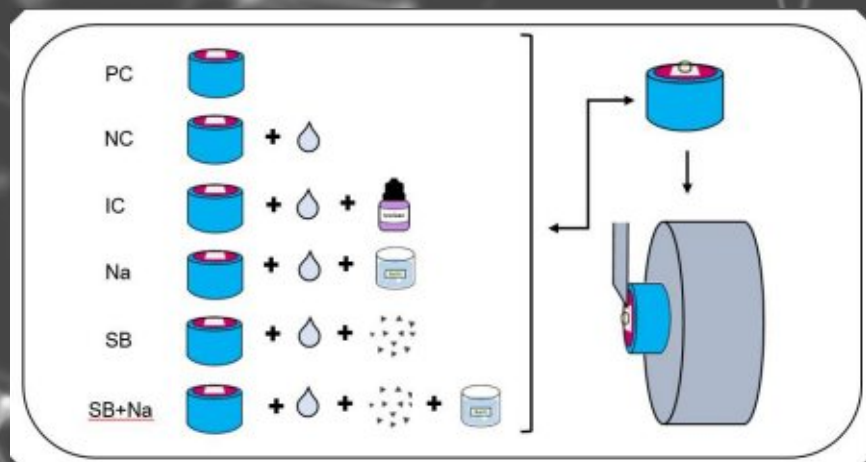
During try-in procedure, saliva contamination is unavoidable. This caused lower bond strength and shorter longevity of restoration. Thus, the surface should be decontaminated to recover the bond strength of restoration.

## OBJECTIVE

To compare the effect of different cleansing methods on the shear bond strength (SBS) of zirconia restoration.

## MATERIALS&METHODS

Sixty zirconia specimens were divided into six groups: non saliva contaminate (PC), contamination without surface cleansing (NC), Ivoclean<sup>®</sup> (IC), NaOH (Na), sandblasting (SB) and sandblasting followed by NaOH (SB+Na). The specimens were bonded to composite with Panavia F 2.0 and were stored in 37 °C distilled water for 24 hours. Specimens were subjected to a shear bond strength test. The data were analyzed by One-Way ANOVA and Tukey HSD. The zirconia surfaces were observed under stereo-microscope to identified mode of failure.



Artificial saliva, Ivoclean, NaOH, Sandblast

## RESULT

Group NC showed the significantly lowest SBS values. Group SB and SB+Na were significantly higher than others ( $p < 0.05$ ). However, SB and SB+Na showed no significant difference ( $p > 0.05$ ). Group PC, IC and Na showed no significant difference ( $p > 0.05$ ) but significantly higher than NC ( $p < 0.05$ ).

The mode of failure revealed mixed failure for the majority of group SB and SB+Na, while others revealed adhesive failure for the majority.

Group	Mean $\pm$ SD (MPa)	Mode of failure		
		Adhesive	Mixed	Cohesive
PC	6.10 $\pm$ 0.62 <sup>B</sup>	7	3	0
NC	4.62 $\pm$ 0.53 <sup>C</sup>	9	1	0
IC	6.16 $\pm$ 0.62 <sup>B</sup>	9	1	0
Na	6.29 $\pm$ 0.80 <sup>B</sup>	9	1	0
SB	14.14 $\pm$ 1.72 <sup>A</sup>	1	9	0
SB+Na	15.41 $\pm$ 1.65 <sup>A</sup>	0	10	0

The same superscript capital letter mean there are no significant different at 95% confidence level.

## CONCLUSION

The saliva contaminated zirconia should be cleaned by Ivoclean<sup>®</sup>, 0.5 M NaOH solution, sandblasting or sandblasting followed by 0.5 M NaOH solution prior to cementation.

## KEYWORDS

Cleansing methods, NaOH, Saliva contaminate,  
Shear bond strength, Zirconia

